| 2 <sup>nd</sup> | quarter | Civics | Study | / Guide |
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|     |    |   |

| Student Name: | Date: |
|---------------|-------|

## 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter Civics Study Guide

In completing this study guide, you will need to draw on your knowledge from throughout the second nine weeks. You may even have to research topics you are not familiar with or may seem new to you (we haven't covered EVERYTHING just yet). You will only get one copy of this study packet. If you lose it, you'll have print out another through eCampus.

| I. The Federal Government: The Legislative Branch (Chapter | I. | The Federal | <b>Government:</b> | The Legislative | <b>Branch</b> | (Chapter | 7 |
|--|----|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|---|
|--|----|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------|---|

| The | The Federal Government: The Legislative Branch (Chapter 7)                            |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|--|--|--|--|
| Voc | Vocabulary Review - Define the following terms in relation to the Federal Government: |  |  |  |  |
| 1.  | Debate  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.  | Vote  |  |  |  |  |
| 3.  | Bill  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.  | Law   |  |  |  |  |
| 5.  | Veto  |  |  |  |  |
| 6.  | Bicameral   |  |  |  |  |
| 7.  | Congress  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.  | Senate  |  |  |  |  |
| 9.  | House of  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Representatives   |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | Speaker of the<br>House   |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | President Pro   |  |  |  |  |
|     | Tempore   |  |  |  |  |
| 12. | Cloture   |  |  |  |  |

| Str | Structure of Congress  |   |   |  |  |  |
|-----|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1.  | What are the requirements to become a Congressman in the United States?        | House of Representatives  1. Must be years old 2 years a citizen 3              | Senate  1. Must be years old 2 years a citizen 3            |  |  |  |
| 2.  | What is the length of a term for a congressman? How many terms can they serve? | House of Representatives  1. Length of Term:  2. How many terms can they serve? | Senate 1. Length of Term: 2. How many terms can they serve? |  |  |  |
| 3.  | How many members are in  | Total Member  | rs:   |  |  |  |
|     | Congress combined? In House of Representative? In the Senate?                  | House of Representatives number of members:                                     | Senate number of members:                                   |  |  |  |

|      |                           | of Representatives?  | Γhe           |   |
|------|---------------------------|--|---------------|---|
|      | leader of the Senate? The |  | The           |   |
|      |                           | active leader of the se  | enate?        |   |
|      |                           |  |               |   |
|      | The                       | Powers and Roles of  | Congress      |   |
|      | 1.                        | What are the importa<br>of Congress (The Legis<br>Branch)?       | •             |   |
|      | 2                         | . Where does Congre<br>power (Hint: <b>WHERE</b><br>Constitution | in the US     |   |
|      | 3.                        | How does a bill beco<br>(LIST THE STEPS EX                       |               | 00  |
|      |                           |  |               |   |
| II.  | The                       | Fodoral Covernments  | The Evecut    | ive Pranch (Chanter 9)                            |
| III. |                           |  |               | ive Branch (Chapter 8)                            |
|      |                           | President  | ne the follow | wing terms in relation to the Federal Government: |
|      | 1.                        |  |               |   |
|      | 2.                        | Executive  |               |   |
|      | 3.                        | Cabinet  | C             |   |
|      | 4.                        | Pardon   |               |   |
|      | 5.                        | Impeach  |               |   |
|      | 6.                        | Commander-in-<br>Chief   |               |   |
|      | 7.                        | Chief Diplomat   |               |   |
|      | 8.                        | Legislator   |               |   |
|      | 9.                        | Chief Executive  |               |   |
|      |                           | Party Leader   |               |   |
|      | 11.                       | Head of State  |               |   |

In the House, representation is based on

the\_\_\_\_\_ of the state, the more

representatives for that state.

\_. The larger

Page 2

\_\_. There are \_

In the Senate, representation is

Senators per state.

2<sup>nd</sup> quarter Civics Study Guide

4. How is the number of

determined?

representatives/senators

5. Who is the leader of the House

| The | Powers and Roles of the President   |   |
|-----|---|---|
| 1.  | What are the requirements for a person to become the President?   | <ol> <li>Must be years old</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>   |
| 2.  | How long is a presidential term in office? How many terms/years can a president serve? Why?   | A presidential term is years long. The President can serve for a maximum of terms and years because of theth amendment.                             |
| 3.  | What are some powers of the president/executive branch? Explain them.   |   |
| 4.  | How do checks and balances limit the president's powers? Give examples.   |   |
| 5.  | If the president dies, what is the line of succession (first 4 people)? Where is the succession described (HINT: Look in the Constitution.) | 1. Vice President 2 3 4 Presidential Succession is described in the Presidential Succession Act of 1947 and in theth Amendment of the Constitution. |
| 6.  | What is the Electoral College and how does it help decide the presidency?   |   |
|     |   |   |

## III. The Federal Government: The Judicial Branch (Chapter 9)

| Vocabulary Review: Define the following terms in relation to the Federal Government: |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Judicial Branch  |  |  |  |  |
| Judicial Review  |  |  |  |  |
| Constitutional   |  |  |  |  |
| Unconstitutional   |  |  |  |  |
| Nullify  |  |  |  |  |
| Supreme Court  |  |  |  |  |

| Power  | More than one answer is possible per sect<br>Which Branch Has The Power? | Which Branch's Power is Being Checked?<br>(Could be more than one) |
|--|--|--|
| 1) Create and pass legislation.                          |  | (Could be more than one)   |
| 2) Veto bills.   |  |  |
| 3) Ratify treaties.                                      |  |  |
| 4) Appoint Federal judges.                               |  |  |
| 5) Impeachment of federal officials.                     |  |  |
| 6) Confirm the appointment of presidential appointments. |  | 0.0  |
| 7) Declare laws unconstitutional.                        |  |  |
| 8) Override Presidential Vetoes.                         |  |  |
| 9) Judges are appointed for life.                        |  |  |
| 10) Controls appropriations of money.                    |  |  |
| V. Influences of Democracy and                           | d the Road to the Revolution (Chapt                                      | er 4)  |
| Vocabulary Review: Define the foll                       | owing terms and concepts.  |  |
| Enlightenment Period                                     |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Natural Rights   |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Separation of Powers                                     |  |  |
| Social Contract  |  |  |
| Limited Government                                       |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Page 5

2<sup>nd</sup> quarter Civics Study Guide

YOUR life?

7. What is the role of the courts in

| <sup>10</sup> quarter Civics Study Guide Page 6   |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Enlightenment Thinkers and Concept Reviews  |   |  |  |  |
| Who was John Locke and how did his ideas influence early American ideals?   |   |  |  |  |
| Who was Baron de Montesquieu and how did his ideas influence early American ideals?   |   |  |  |  |
| Who was Thomas Hobbes and how did his ideas influence early American ideals?  |   |  |  |  |
| Who was Jean-Jacques Rousseau and how did his ideas influence early American ideals?  |   |  |  |  |
| Influential Documents   |   |  |  |  |
| Magna Carta   |   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Who wrote the Magna Carta and in what year?</li> <li>Why was the Magna Carta written?</li> <li>How did the ideas of the Magna Carta influence colonial ideals of democracy?</li> </ul>                                   |   |  |  |  |
| Mayflower Compact   |   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>When was the Mayflower Compact written and by who?</li> <li>Why was the Mayflower Compact written?</li> <li>How did the ideas of the Mayflower Compact influence colonial ideas of democracy?</li> </ul>                 |   |  |  |  |
| The English Bill of Rights  |   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>When was the English Bill of Rights written and by who?</li> <li>Why was the English Bill of Rights written?</li> <li>How did the ideas of the English Bill of Rights influence colonial ideals of democracy?</li> </ul> |   |  |  |  |
| Thomas Paine's Common Sense   |   |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Who wrote Common Sense and in what year?</li> <li>Why was Common Sense written?</li> <li>How did the ideas of Common Sense influence colonial ideals of democracy?</li> </ul>  |   |  |  |  |
| Vocabulary Review: Define the following t   | erms in relation to the Federal Government: |  |  |  |

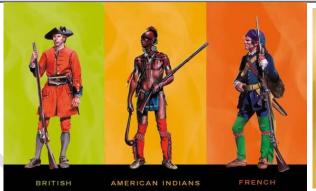
| Vocabulary Review: Define the following terms in relation to the Federal Government: |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| limited monarchy   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| self-government  |  |  |  |  |

| 2 quarter civies stady | Tage 7 |
|------------------------|--------|
|                        |        |
| assent                 |        |
| oppression             |        |
| self-evident           |        |
| debt                   |        |
| Shay's Rebellion       |        |
| document               |        |
| compact                |        |
| authority              |        |
| process                |        |
| ensure                 |        |
| retain                 |        |
| tyranny                |        |
| taxes                  |        |
|                        |        |

#### The Road to the Revolution

Research each event/action to the left and <u>describe how each of the events contributed to the colonists pushing for independence</u>. Be sure to include the <u>dates of each event</u> and the <u>influence each event/action had on the colonies</u>.

The French and Indian War



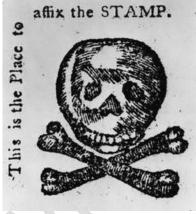


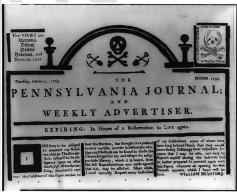
The Proclamation of 1763



How did this event/action lead to the colonists declaring independence?

The Stamp Act and Colonial Boycotting

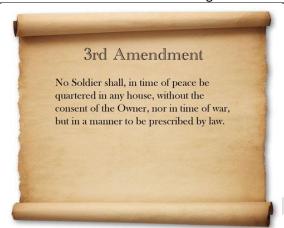






The Quartering Act





How did this event/action lead to the colonists declaring independence?

The Townshend Acts



How did this event/action lead to the colonists declaring independence?

The Boston Massacre



The Tea Act

# Georgii III. Regis.

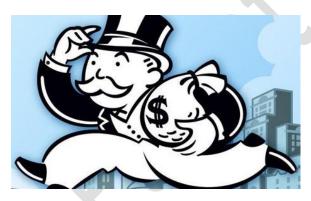
CAP. XLIV.

An Act to allow a Drawback of the Duties of Customs on the Exportation of Tea to any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America; to increase the Deposit on Bohea Tea to be fold at the India Company's Sales; and to impower the Commissioners of the Treasury to grant Licences to the East India Company to export Tea Duty-free.



DEREAS by an aft, made in the Preamble Ewelfth pear of his prefent Baiefly's Reign, (intituled, An Act for granting a Drawback of Part of the Customs upon the Exportation of Tea to Ireland, and the British Dominions in America; for altering the Drawback upon foreign Sugars exported from Great Bri-



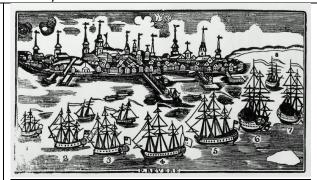


How did this event/action lead to the colonists declaring independence?

The Boston Tea Party



The Coercive ("Intolerable")
Acts



Boston, Massachusetts

April 1. 1774

### HIGH TEA IN BOSTON HARBOR

British Troops Sent to Massachusetts
Band of "Mohawks" dump 342 chests of Darjeeling off Griffin's Wharf
FRANKLIN in LONDON feels the SPITE

ROOTS OF THE CONFLICT

How did this event/action lead to the colonists declaring independence?



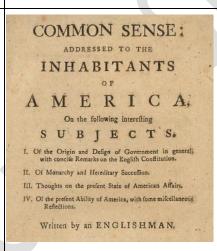
The First Continental Congress





How did this event/action lead to the colonists declaring independence?

The Second Continental Congress





#### VI. The Declaration of Independence (Chapter 4)

| Vocabulary Review: Define the following terms in relation to the Federal Government: |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Unalienable  |  |  |
| Grievance  |  |  |
| Abolish  |  |  |
| Abdicate   |  |  |
| Inhabitant   |  |  |
| Endow  |  |  |
| Endeavor   |  |  |
| Tyrant   |  |  |
| Levy   |  |  |
| Declaration  |  |  |
| Liberty  |  |  |

#### **Purpose of the Declaration of Independence**

 What was the purpose of the Declaration of Independence? (Why did the colonists write it?)

#### **Breaking Down the Document**

**Directions**: Match up each quote below (in the left column) with the image you think fits best in the right column. Then, explain why you picked the image you did to match up with each quote.

1. "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of Happiness.--That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed, --That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it..."

This quote best matches with image\_\_\_\_\_.

EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU
DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:





### 3rd Amendment

No Soldier shall, in time of peace be quartered in any house, without the consent of the Owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

"He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people."

"He has abdicated Government here, by declaring us out of his Protection and waging War against us."

These quotes best match with image

**EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU** DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

"He has kept among us, in times of peace, Standing Armies without the Consent of our legislatures."

> "For Quartering large bodies of armed troops among us..."

These quotes best matches with image

EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

"For cutting off our Trade with all parts of the world"

This quote best matches with image\_ **EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU** DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

"For depriving us in many cases, of the benefit of Trial by Jury."

This quote best matches with image EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

#### Image B

## Georgii III. Regis.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to allow a Drawback of the Duties of Customs on the Exportation of Tea to any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America; to increase the Deposit on Bohea Tea to be fold at the India Company's Sales; and to impower the Commissioners of the Treasury to grant Licences to the East India Company to export Tea Duty-free.



#### **Image Set C**

### Georgii III. Regis.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to discontinue, in such Manner, and for fuch Time as are therein mentioned, the landing and difcharging, lading or shipping, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, at the Town, and within the Harbour, of Boston, in the Province of Maffachuset's Bay, in North

POR DER # 3 % Dangerous Commotions

Do ER & 2 % Dangerous Commotions and Suffered from the Column of Bofton, in the Powline of Maffachuser's Bay, in the Powline of Maffachuser's Bay, in the Month of the Managhan of his Spaigles's Boy, in the Subbertion of his Spaigles's Dovernment, and to the utter Defluction of the publick Peace, and good Dipter of the fall Column; in which Commotions and Indurcations errean valuable Cargoos & Cas, being the Boyocter of the Eal India Commany. of Ceas, being the Property of the East India Company and on Board certain Cledels lying within the Bay of



#### **Image D**

### 6th Amendment

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; . . .

#### **Image E**



#### John Locke:

(English) All people have "natural rights" of life, liberty and property. Government was to protect these, if it didn't overthrow it.

6. "For imposing Taxes on us without our Consent"

This quote best matches with image\_\_\_\_\_.

EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU
DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

7. "He has dissolved Representative Houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people."

"He has refused for a long time, after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected, whereby the Legislative Powers, incapable of Annihilation, have returned to the People at large for their exercise; the State remaining in the meantime exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within."

These quotes best match with image .

EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

8. "In every stage of these Oppressions We have petitioned for Redress in the most humble terms: Our repeated Petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A Prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a Tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people."

This quote best matches with image\_\_\_\_.

EXPLAIN WHY YOU PICKED THE IMAGE YOU
DID TO MATCH UP WITH THIS QUOTE:

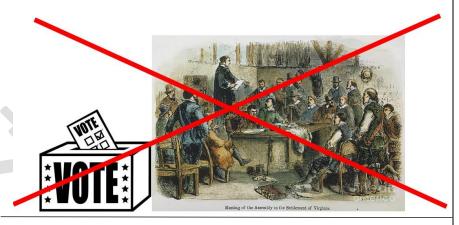
#### Image F

## Olive Branch Petition

- Continental Congress voted to end the quarrel with Britain
- Sent delegates to see the King
- Declared loyalty to the King
- Asked for Intolerable Acts to be repealed
- King was furious
  - Vowed to bring rebels to justice



#### Image G



#### Image H

